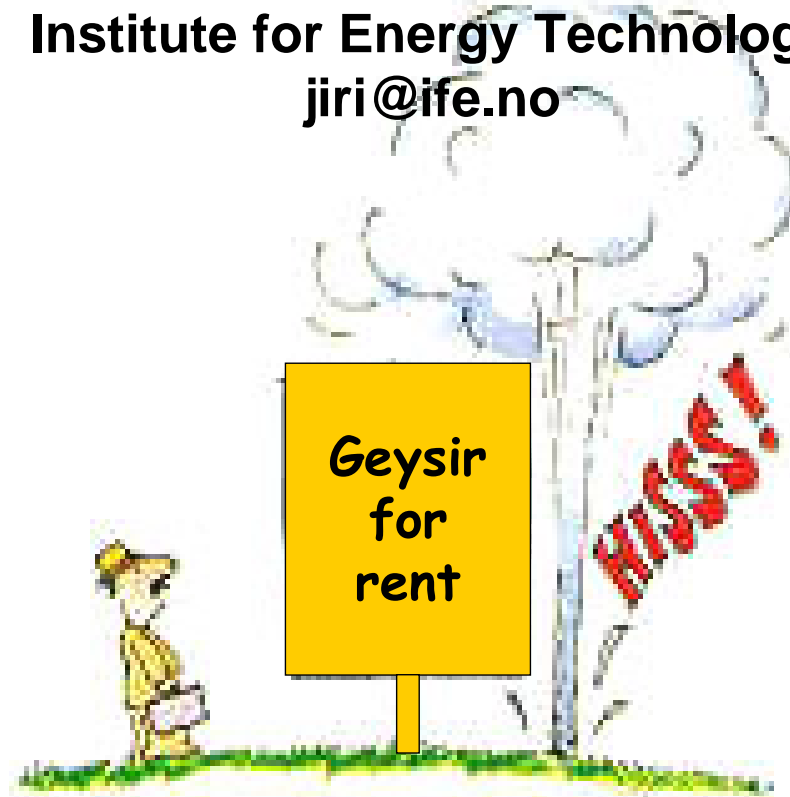


Tracing of geothermal fluid flow

Tor Bjørnstad and Jiri Muller
Institute for Energy Technology
jiri@ife.no



Abbreviations:

SF₆ : Sulphur hexafluoride

PDMCB: Perfluorodimethyl cyclobutane

PMCP: Perfluoromethyl cyclopentane

PMCH: Perfluoromethyl cyclohexane

PDMCH: Perfluorodimethyl cyclohexane

PTMCH: Perfluorotrimethyl cyclohexane

HTO: Tritiated water

1-NS: 1-Naphtalene sulphonic acid

2-NS: 2-Naphtalene sulphonic acid

1,5-NDS: 1,5-Naphtalene disulphonic acid

2,6-NDS: 2,6-Naphtalene disulphonic acid

2,7-NDS: 2,7-Naphtalene disulphonic acid

1,3,6-NTS: 1,3,6-Naphtalene trisulphonic acid

2-FBA: 2-Fluorobenzoic acid

3-FBA: 3-Fluorobenzoic acid

4-FBA: 4-Fluorobenzoic acid

GC/ECD: Gas chromatography with electron capture detector

GC/MS: GC with mass spectroscopy detector.

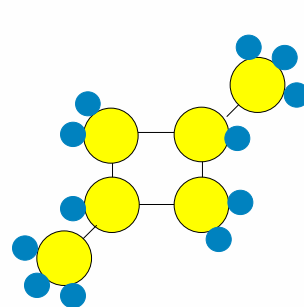
GC-MS/MS: GC with two mass spectrometers (two-dimensional mass spectrometer)

HPLC: High-performance liquid chromatography

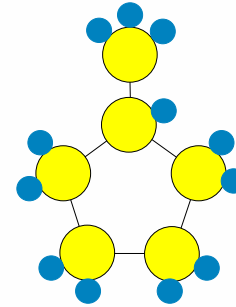
LSC: Liquid scintillation counting

Non-radioactive gas tracers

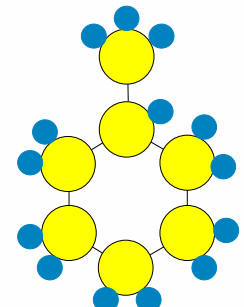
Perfluorinated cyclic hydro-carbons with coordinated light hydro-carbon (methyl) groups



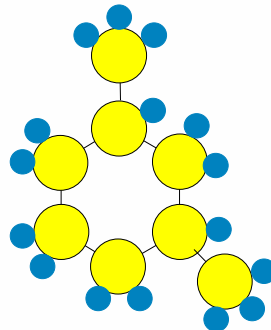
PDCB



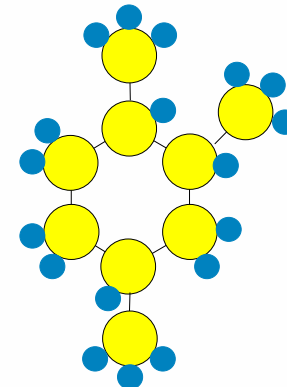
PMCP



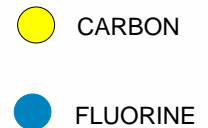
PMCH



1,3-PDMCH

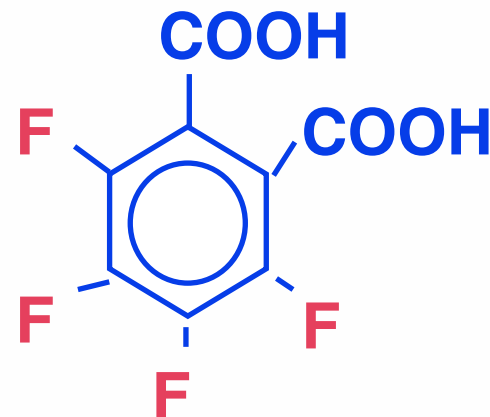
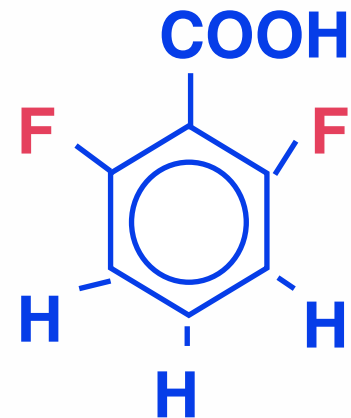
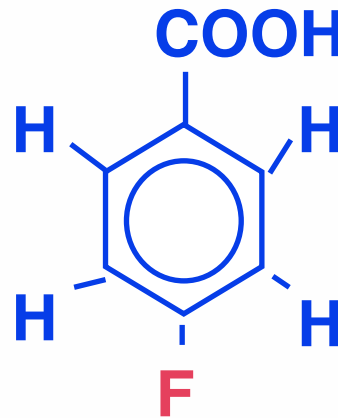


1,2,4-PTMCH



Passive Water Tracers

Non-radiolabeled passive water tracers are polyfluorinated benzoic acids. These can also be made radioactive by tritium or ^{14}C labeling



Other water tracers

