





Turboden ORC Systems by Mario Gaia

Strasbourg, 14.09.06: "Electricity Generation from Enhanced Geothermal Systems"





<u>Turboden yesterday</u>

Established in 1980 with the aim to design and manufacture turbines and turn-key turbogenerator units based on the Organic Rankine Cycle (ORC). Turboden pioneered the use of Silicone fluid in ORC.



1984: A 40 kWel ORC turbogenerator for a solar application in Perth, Australia



1987: A 3 kWel ORC turbogenerator biomass CHP plant in Milan





Turboden yesterday

Early ORC units for geothermal applications.





DAL – Kapisya (Zambia) – 1988 2 X 100 kWel

Geothermal source: 88 ℃



Enel Castelnuovo Val di Cecina 1,3 MWel

Geothermal source: 114℃

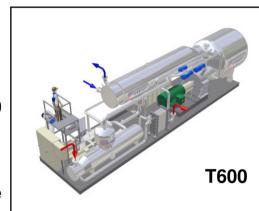


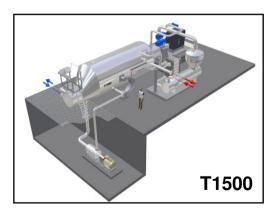


Turboden today

Turboden is the leading supplier of ORC plants in Europe

- 44 units in operation for a total installed power of more than 44,000 kW (capacities between 500 and 1500 kW)
- □ 20 units under construction (capacities between 200 and 2000 kW)
- □ Vast majority of applications in Austria and Germany for renewable biomass CHP plants
- ☐ Other applications:
- 1. Geothermal (Altheim)
- 2. Waste incineration
- 3. Heat recovery









Turboden Today

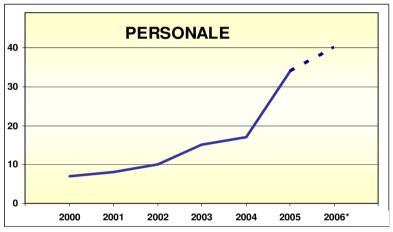
Personnel 40 persons (1/09/2006)

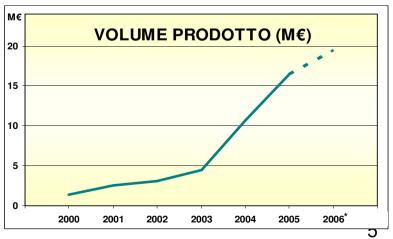
Production

Volume: 15.8 million € (2005)

Equity > **2 million** € (31/12/2005)

Order Backlog 23 million € (1/09/2006)





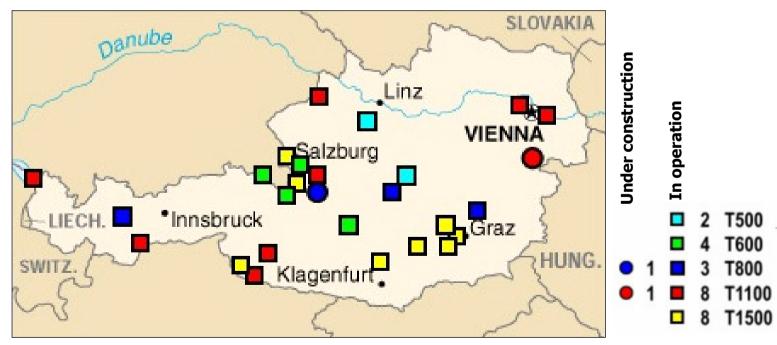




Turboden today



Austria: 25 Turboden ORC plants in operation, 2 under construction







Turboden today



Austria: Leoben, 3 T1500-CHP units

Start up: March 2005

Total electric power: 4,8 MW

Customer: BIOMASSE-KWK-LEOBEN

Heat use: Drying of sawmill timber and saw dust for pellets production



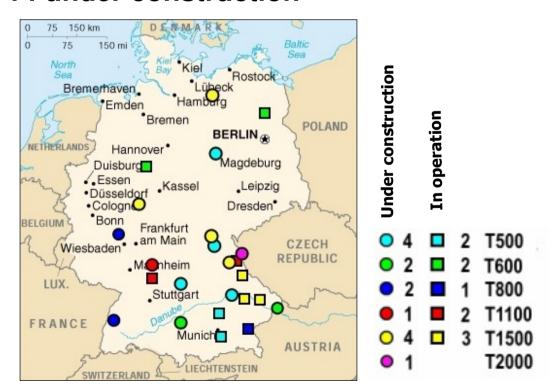




Turboden Today



Germany: 10 Turboden ORC plants in operation, 14 under construction







Turboden today

Geothermal Energy: Altheim Plant

Start up: November 2000

Total electric power: 1 MW

Customer: Marktgemeinde Altheim

Heat source: Geothermal Water at

106°C







Turboden Today

Turboden achievements in biomass based ORC plants are the result of:

- High efficiency: a) axial proprietary design turbine
 - b) cycle/working fluid optimized for specific site conditions
- Reliability: a) Moderate pressure and temperature cycle
 - b) Directly coupled low rpm turbine
 - c) Simple operation & maintenance
- Closeness to client: technical assistance support including remote monitoring





Turboden Today

Turboden is committed to extend ORC technology applications

- Bio-oil & Biogas
- Solar
- Internal combustion engine exhaust gases
- Industrial process (cement, metals, glass, etc)





Turboden Research & Development

- R & D for continuous product improvement,
- heavily committed to Research for future ORCs in heat recovery,
 biofuel, solar and geothermal applications
- partner of the LOW-BIN European Program with ambitious targets in low temperature / low power geothermal sources





Non flammable fluids

- Fluid flammability is a significant factor in urban areas & involves higher insurance costs
- Turboden identified and studied a number of fluids
- Turboden tested in the Altheim plant, in collaboration with the owner of the plant (Commune of Altheim), a non flammable fluid suitable for geothermal applications. The plant is now working with this fluid.

Name of the fluid: Solkatherm

Manufacturer: Solvay

- Turboden and Solvay collaborate for further applications
- Laboratory tests are under way for a general understanding of the fluid compatibility and behaviour





Characteristics of Altheim fluid

An azeotropic mixture

HFC 365 mfc: Hydrofluorocarbon

PFPE : Perfluoro-poliether

Boiling point: 35,6 °C Critical point: 177,5 °C

Molecular weight: 184,5 °C Thermal stability: up to 225 °C

Excellent turbine fluid-dynamics Good heat transfer properties

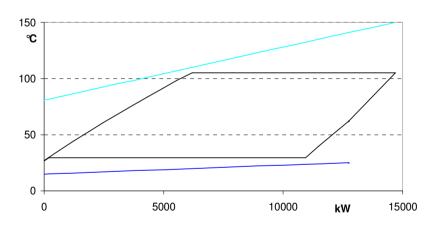
Low viscosity Non flammable

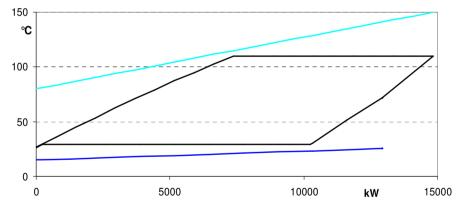




Comparison of Pentane and Solkatherm azeotrope cycles

Temperature vs Exchanged thermal power diagrams





Pentane

Solkatherm



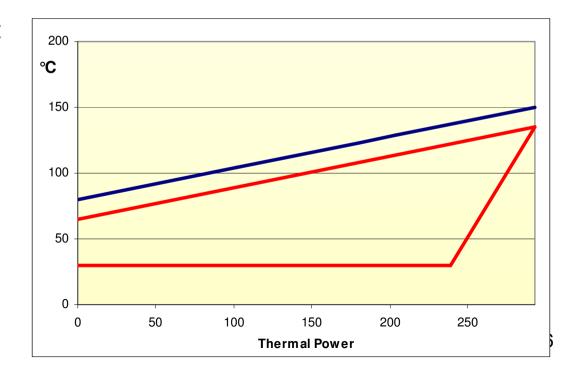


- Most geothermal applications are for the liquid dominated systems
- □ Preferably the geothermal fluid is maintained in liquid phase

Hence it is important to exploit efficiently the variable temperature heat source

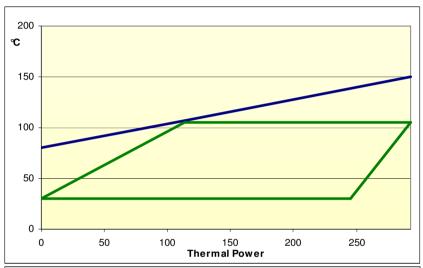
Ideal (Lorentz Cycle)

Geothermal FluidIdeal Lorentz Cycle

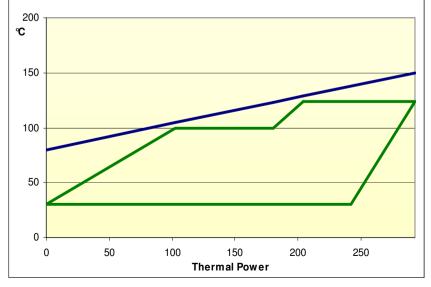








ORC: single evaporation pressure level



ORC: two evaporation pressure levels

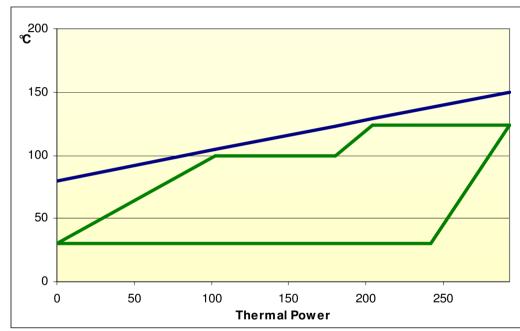
Geothermal FluidOrganic Fluid





ORC: two evaporation pressure levels

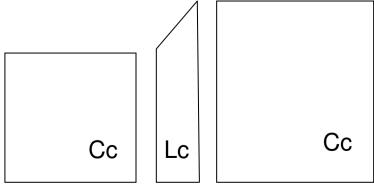
Geothermal FluidOrganic Fluid



Lc

Equivalent to:

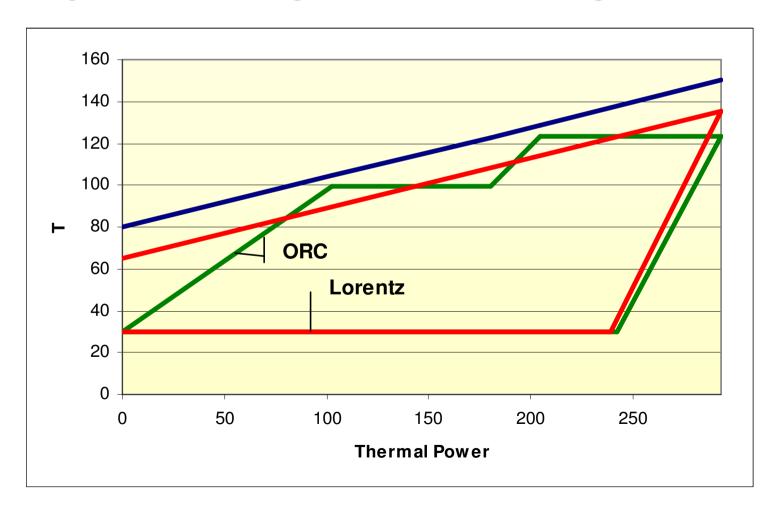
- ☐ 2 Lorentz ideal cycles (Lc)
- ☐ 2 Carnot Ideal cycles (Cc)







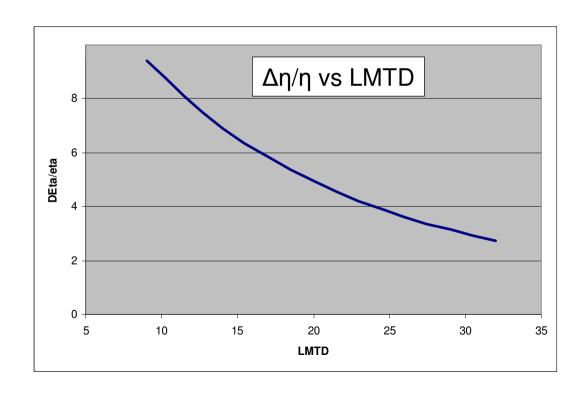
Comparison for a given heat exchanger surface







Power lost due to non-ideal heat input curve Vs temperature difference in the geothermal fluid heat exchanger



Only a few percent of efficiency are lost when passing from ideal input curve to the actual ORC input curve





ORC technical advantages

- Low toxicity profile
- Very high turbine efficiency
- Low mechanical stress of the turbine, due to the low peripheral speed
- Low RPM of the turbine allowing the direct drive of the electric generator without reduction gear
- No erosion of blades, due to the absence of moisture in the vapour nozzles





Conclusions

- The ORC technology is a good option with further growth potential for low / medium scale geothermal applications
- ❖ We believe that Turboden ORCs are in a good position to exploit this potential





Thank you!



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